

PT Delta Dunia Makmur Tbk

4th Quarter 2019 Results

February 2020





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Company overview

Key investment highlights

Financial overview

Appendix





- PT Bukit Makmur Mandiri Utama (“BUMA”), a subsidiary of PT Delta Dunia Makmur Tbk, operates as a provider for coal mining services and carries out comprehensive scope of work from overburden removal, coal mining, coal hauling as well as reclamation and land rehabilitation.
- BUMA’s network of customers are leading coal concession companies in Indonesia such as Berau Coal, Adaro, Bayan, Kideco, Geo Energy, and others.
- By end of 2018, BUMA is second largest independent contractor working with 8 (eight) different customers on 11 (eleven) mining sites located entirely in Kalimantan with c.15% market share.
- Supported by around 13,000 employees¹ and close to 2,900 units² of high quality mining machinery and equipment.

Notes:

1. Number of employees as of December 31, 2019
2. Number of equipment as of December 31, 2019





Business overview

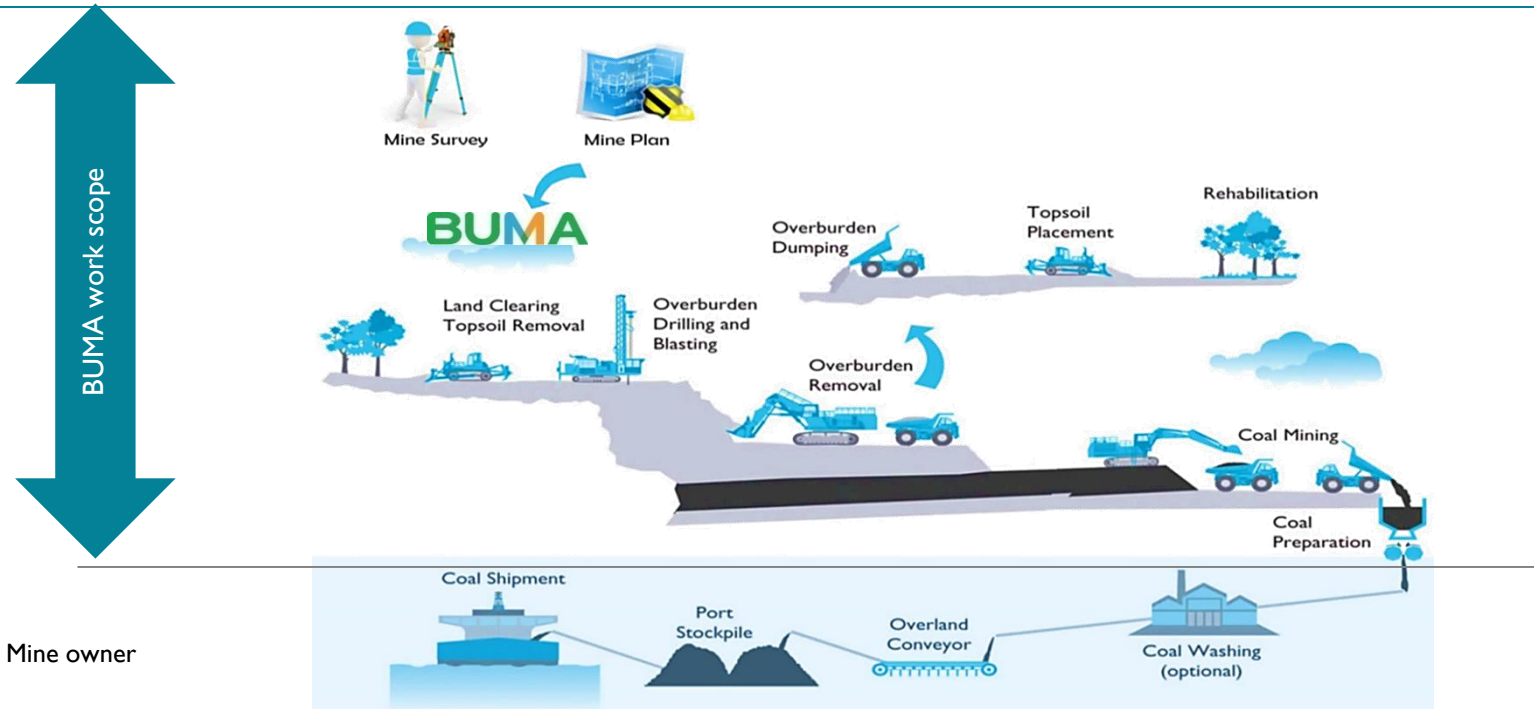
Business overview

Planning and scheduling of mining operations within parameters set by the mine owners

Provide overburden removal, coal mining and coal transportation services

Coal mining contract miners play a critical role in the Indonesian coal industry, producing ~90% of coal output

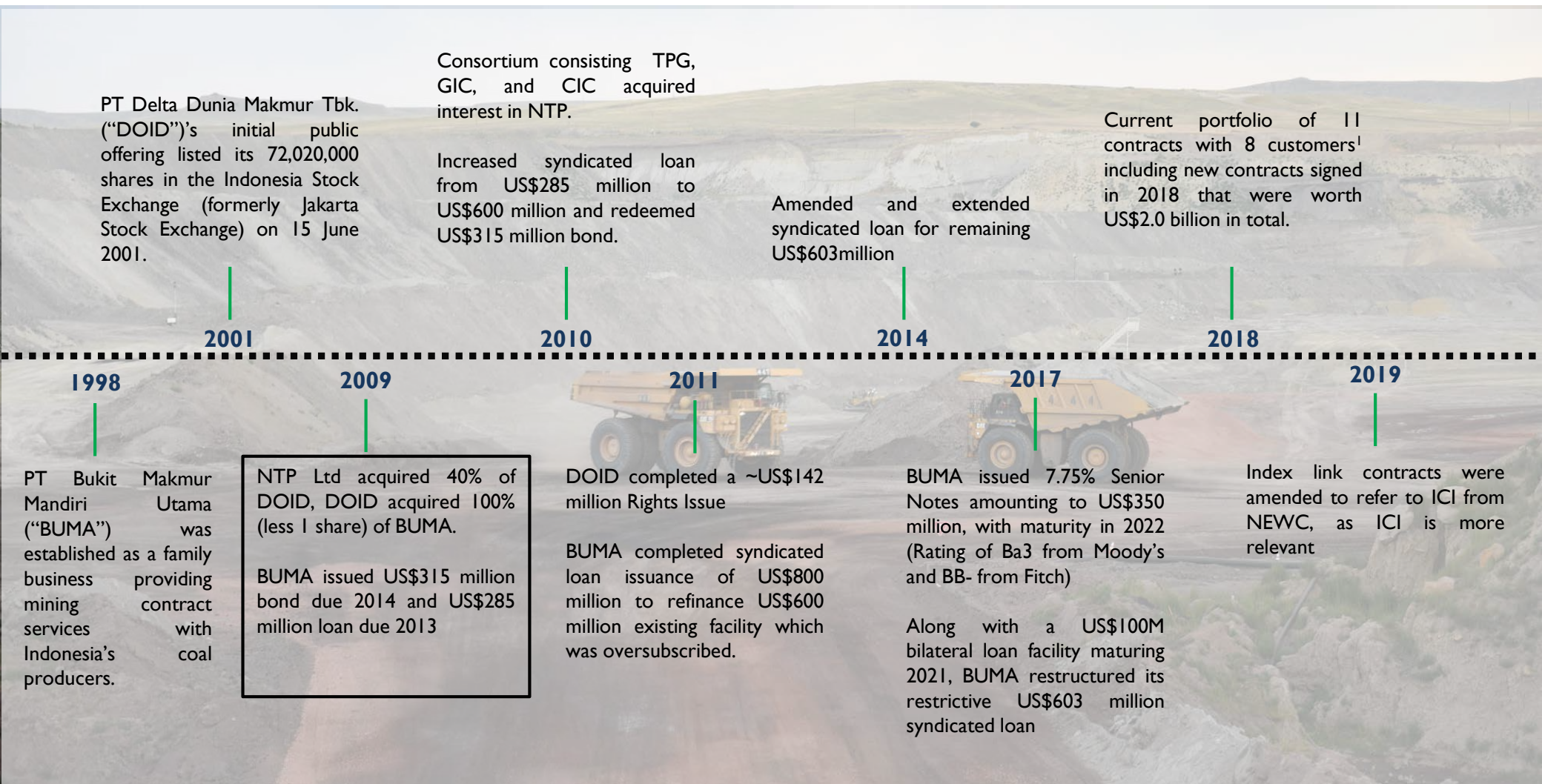
BUMA work scope covers the full mining production spectrum¹



BUMA allows mining companies to efficiently manage capital by focusing on asset development and reducing capital investment on fixed assets

¹ Mining is carried out by mine owner with BUMA people/equipment under equipment rental arrangements



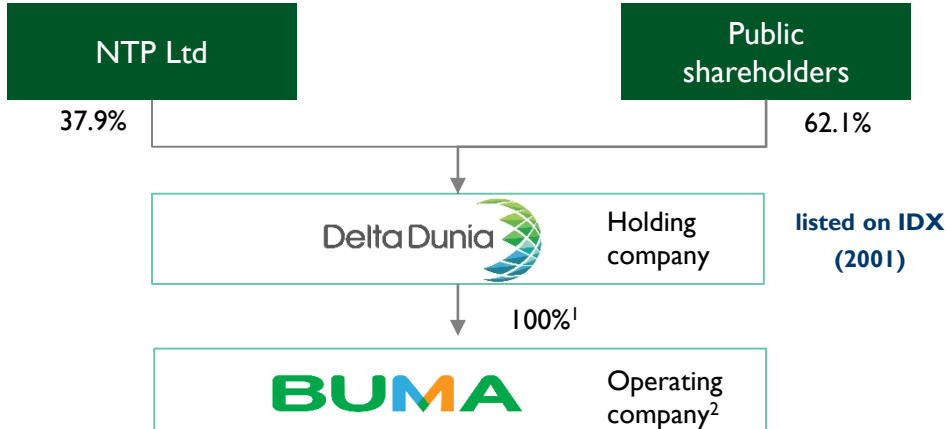


Notes:
1. Including 2018 new contracts





Ownership structure



Financial metrics (US\$M)

Financial year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
OB Removal (mbcm)	348.1	297.0	275.7	272.5	299.8	340.2	392.5	380.1
Revenue	843	695	607	566	611	765	892	882
Revenue ex. fuel	740	635	583	551	584	727	822	824
EBITDA	238	188	186	186	217	281	298	236
% margin ³	32.1%	29.7%	32.0%	33.8%	37.1%	38.6%	36.2%	28.6%
Net debt	885	674	633	568	497	488	602	577
Net Debt to EBITDA	3.7x	3.6x	3.4x	3.0x	2.3x	1.7x	2.0x	2.4x

1. Full ownership less one share
 2. All current debt is at BUMA level
 3. Calculated as EBITDA divided by revenue ex. fuel

PT Delta Dunia Makmur Tbk.

- ▶ Established in 1990, listed in IDX as DOID in 2001.
- ▶ TPG, GIC, CIC and Northstar, together as Northstar Tambang Persada Ltd. own 37.9% with remainder owned by public shareholders
- ▶ Holding company of PT Bukit Makmur Mandiri Utama (“BUMA”), one of the leading coal mining services contractor in Indonesia
- ▶ BUMA, acquired in 2009, is the primary operating of DOID

PT Bukit Makmur Mandiri Utama

- ▶ Established in 1998, and wholly owned by PT Delta Dunia Makmur (DOID) since 2009
- ▶ Strong #2 mining contractor in Indonesia with c.15% market share
- ▶ Customers include largest and lowest cost coal producers in Indonesia and new players with high potential for future growth
- ▶ Secured long-term, life of mine contracted volume
- ▶ Close to 2,900 high quality equipment from Komatsu, Caterpillar and Scania
- ▶ Around 13,000 employees





Delta Dunia senior management



Hagianto Kumala, President Director 33+ years

- Has served as President Director of Delta Dunia since 2009
- Previously held various senior roles in Astra Group, including UNTR



Rani Sofjan, Director 25+ years

- Has served as Director of Delta Dunia since 2009
- Also serves as an Executive Director of PT Northstar Pacific Capital



Eddy Porwanto, Finance Director 26+ years

- Serves as Delta Dunia as Director and BUMA Commissioner since 2014
- Previously a Director at Archipelago Resources and Garuda Indonesia

BUMA senior management

Ronald Sutardja, President Director 26+ years

- Appointed VP Director in June 2012, President Director in March 2014
- Previously a Director at PT Trikomsel Oke Tbk

Una Lindasari, Finance Director 31+ years

- Appointed as Director in August 2014
- Previously CFO of Noble Group from 2008

Sorimuda Pulungan, Operations Director 20+ years

- Appointed as Director in January 2012
- Experienced in mining industry (gold/nickel/coal)



Indra Kanoena, Plant Director / HR & GA 21+ years

- Appointed as Director in January 2013
- Previously held various senior positions in Human Resources areas

Iwan Salim, Business Unit Director 24+ years

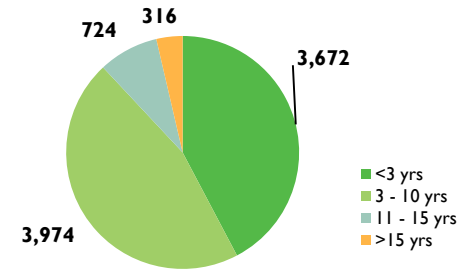
- Appointed Director in May 2019
- Previously a Regional Manager Asia and Middle East in Shell Global Engineering

Experienced BUMA operational team ¹⁾

General manager overview

- 20 people
- 18 years average industry experience
- 6 years average tenure with BUMA

Years of service

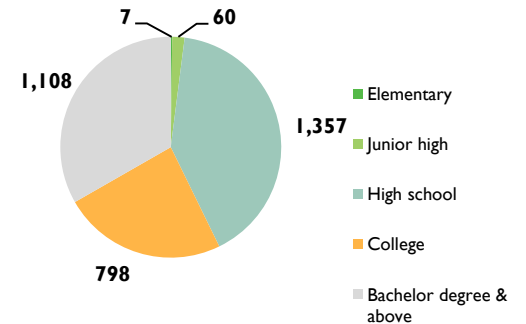


Skilled workers: 8,686 employees

Manager overview

- 80 people
- 17 years average industry experience
- 9 years average tenure with BUMA

Employees education



Leadership positions: 3,330 employees

¹⁾ Data as per December 31, 2019

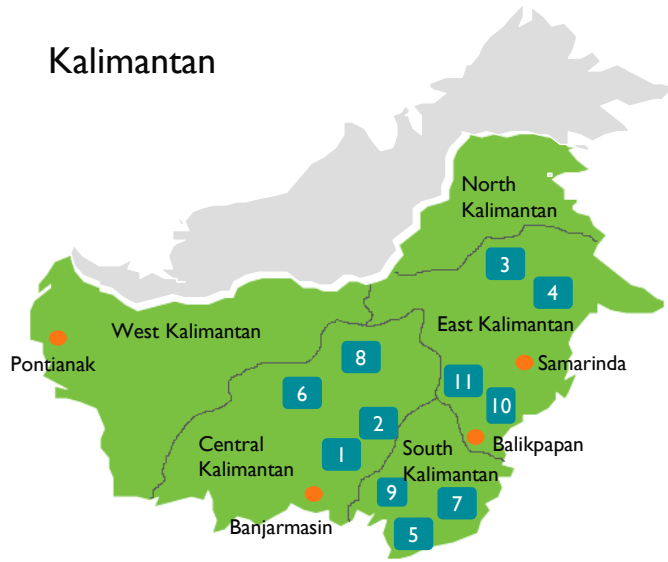
Management's vision and experienced BUMA operational team is key to the resilient performance of the Company





Secured, long-term volume

Kalimantan



No	Customers	Period
1	Adaro (Paringin) ³⁾	2009-2022
2	Kideco ³⁾	2004-2019 ⁴⁾
3	Berau Coal (Lati) ³⁾	2012-2025
4	Berau Coal (Binungan) ³⁾	2003-2020
5	Sungai Danau Jaya (SDJ) ¹⁾	2015-2023 ¹⁾
6	Tadjahan Antang Mineral (TAM)	2015-2025
7	Angsana Jaya Energi (AJE)	2016-2020
8	Pada Idi (PAD)	2017-2027 ¹⁾
9	Tanah Bumbu Resources (TBR) ¹⁾	2018-2024 ¹⁾
10	Insani Baraperkasa (IBP) ³⁾	2018-2025
11	Indonesia Pratama (IPR)	2018-2026

BUMA is deeply entrenched with its customers

berau coal



20 years



16 years



14 years



4 years



3 years

Years of relationship



2 year

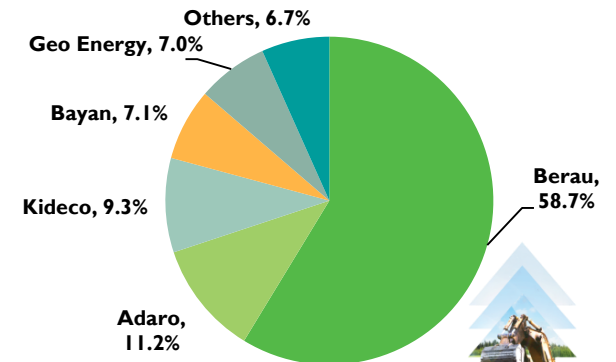


2 year



2 year

Contribution to BUMA volume (%) ²⁾



1) Life of mine contract

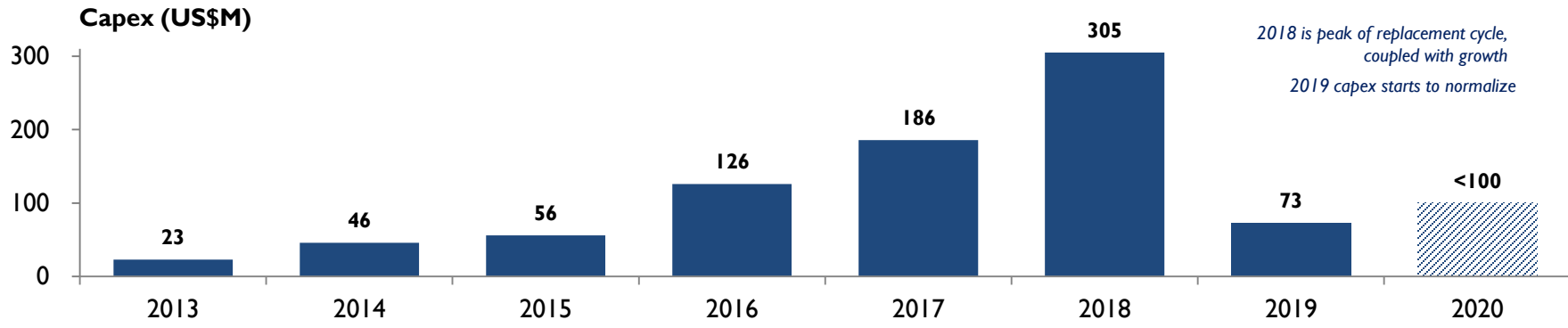
2) Based on FY 2019

3) CCoW licensed

4) Both parties are currently in discussion regarding the extension of the contract



Capex strategy



Fleet type	Strategic partner	Strategy	Investment strategy with supply partners
Large fleet¹	N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loader > 300 ton; Hauler > 150 ton 	Investment strategy with supply partners <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lock in partnership in down cycle to gain maximum benefits Ensure back-to-back investment and customer contracts esp. volume No annual “must” spend and flexibility to delay spending, if necessary Partnership benefits with supply partners <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Guaranteed or cost cap for equipment lifecycle cost Guaranteed second life at lower price Secured leasing facility for new equipment
Medium fleet²		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medium: Loader > 100 ton; Hauler > 60ton 	
Support equipment³	 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excavator > 20 ton Continue to invest to service contracts on hand 	



Company overview



Key investment highlights

Financial overview

Appendix



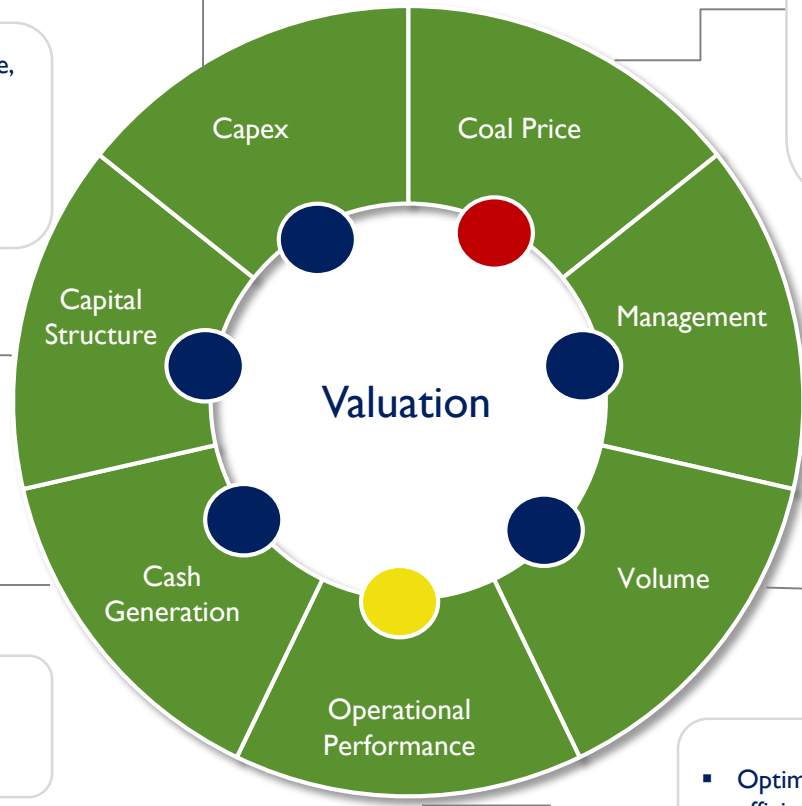


Key investment highlights

- Capex was significantly lower in 2019 vs 2018, as it started to normalize. Expecting lower capex in the next few years before the start of another major replacement cycle.

- Healthy sufficient level with sustainable structure, allowing room in the balance sheet to support further growth
- As of Dec 2019, net debt to EBITDA remained healthy at 2.4x

- Expecting continuously positive cash flow generation from steady EBITDA and prudent spending on capex



- China import declined by 72.9%yoy in Dec 19. FY2019 import reached 300MT or an increase of 6.3%yoy higher than FY2018 of 281MT. This is 6 year record high for China. (Source: Argus, Government of China)
- Epidemic attack of Coronavirus caused temporary business closure for several cities in China triggering a slower growth for the year.
- US and China trade war have eased with signing of the first phase. NEWC has gone steady at around the \$65 level.

- Solid, experienced management team from various relevant background, with long-term tenure at the Company

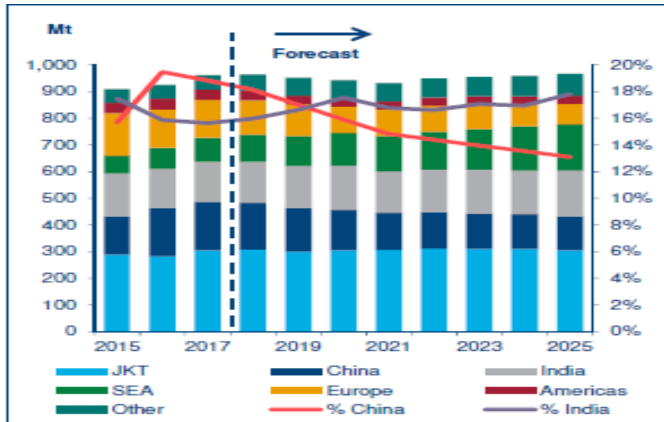
- Secured, long-term contracts

- Optimizing asset utilization and maintaining efficiency is key to profitability and sustainability in the uncertainty of coal price outlook



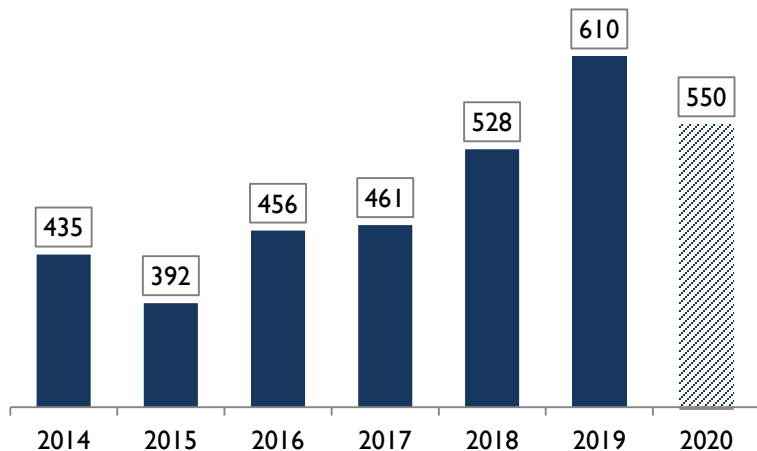
Coal price dynamics

Global seaborne thermal coal import demand



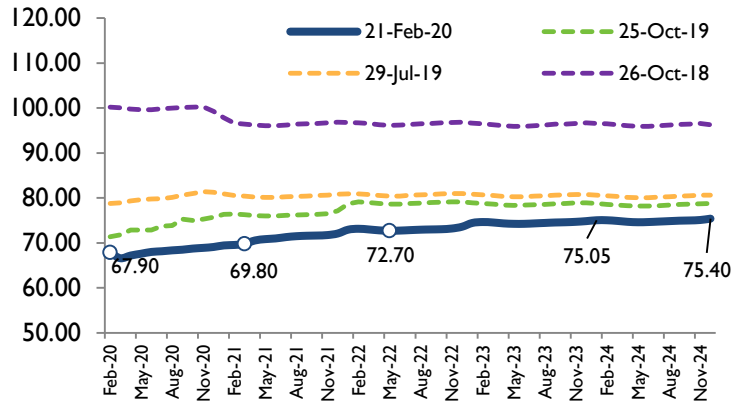
Source: Wood Mackenzie

Indonesia Coal Production (MT)



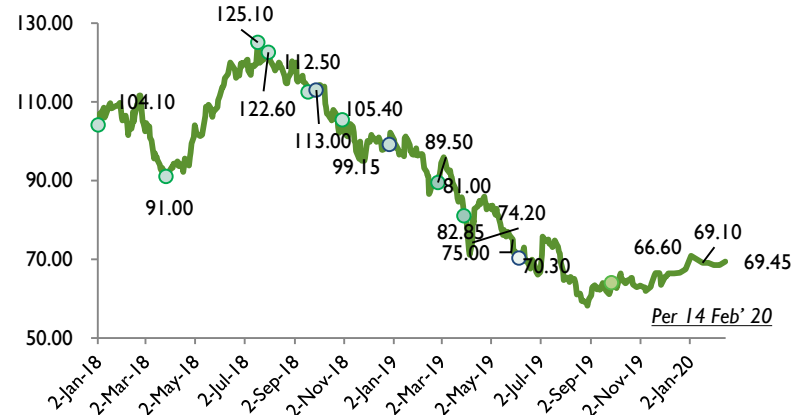
Source: MEMR Website

Coal futures



Source: www.barchart.com ICE Newcastle futures

Coal price trend



Source: Platts' FOB Newcastle 6,300 GAR and NEWC index Bloomberg

Coal price

- Market is expecting coal price to stabilize at current level rather than a recovery
- China's supply control remains key factor to sustain global coal price
- Demand for coal will still exist in the long term, but China's proportion to overall demand might slightly decline overtime with Malaysia and Vietnam having new power plants (Wood Mackenzie)
- Coronavirus has disrupted the economy of China in the start of 2020, causing lower domestic coal inventory especially in the port by 14.2%yoy in Feb20. (sxcoal.com) Demand for import coal is expected to increase in 1H20.

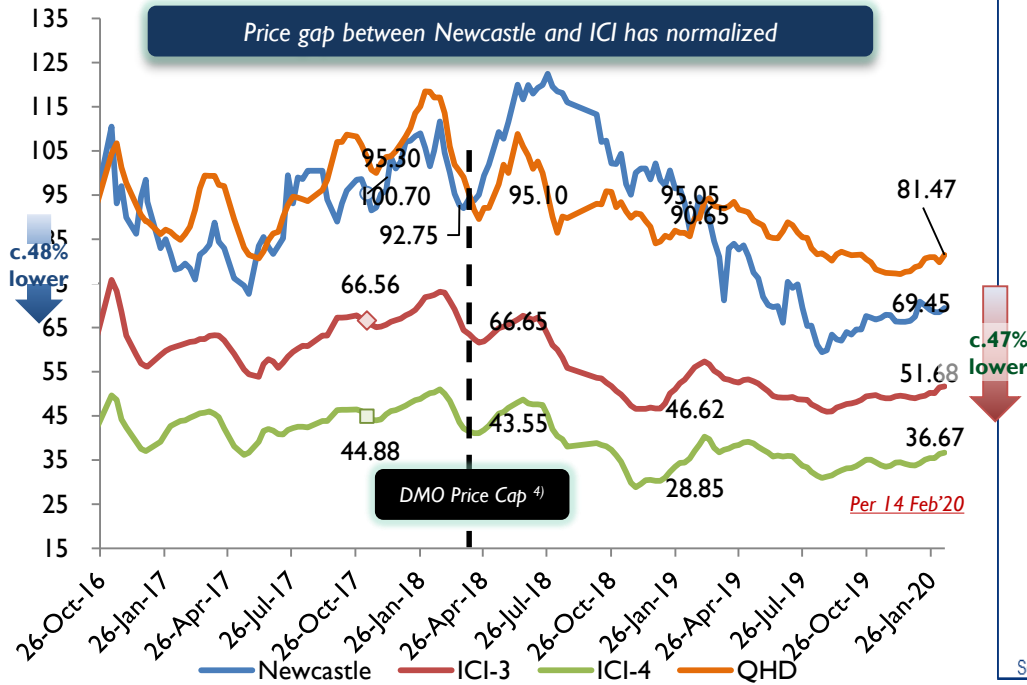
DMO Price Cap

- DMO selling price intended for domestic power plant of US\$70 or HBA whichever is lower has been extended in 2020, but will have no effect at the current coal price level
- Indonesian coal producers who failed to meet their DMO targets will be fined instead of reducing production (Wood Mackenzie)

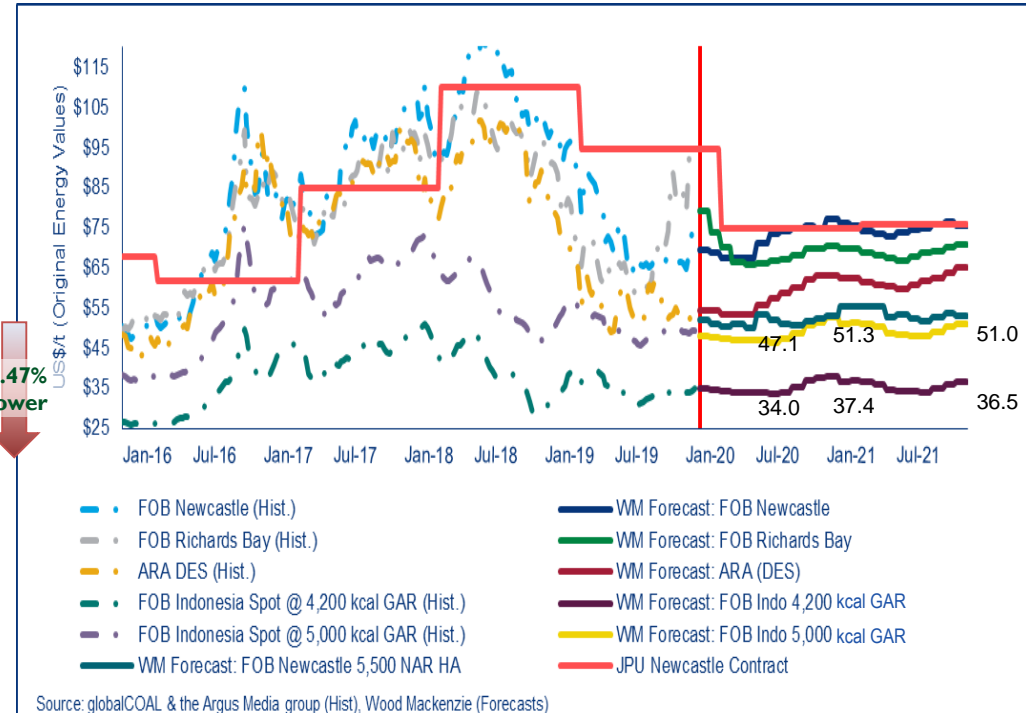




Newcastle, QHD vs. ICI (US\$/t) ³⁾



Key thermal coal price forecast (US\$/t) ⁵⁾



- ▶ Latest indexes position showing Newcastle stabilizing and aligned with ICI 3 and ICI 4 indexes, which represents Indonesia coal quality
- ▶ Newcastle decline by 41% within the year of 2019, fastest turnover in a century. ICI has become relatively more stable than Newcastle. ICI has been supported by Government in capping FY2020 target at 550MT and temporary increase of demand from China due to Coronavirus.
- ▶ The coal price has been stabilizing at above \$65 for NEWC and ICI 3 and ICI 4 are improving steadily. China GDP is expected to grow below 6% in 2020. FY2019 GDP reached 6.1%

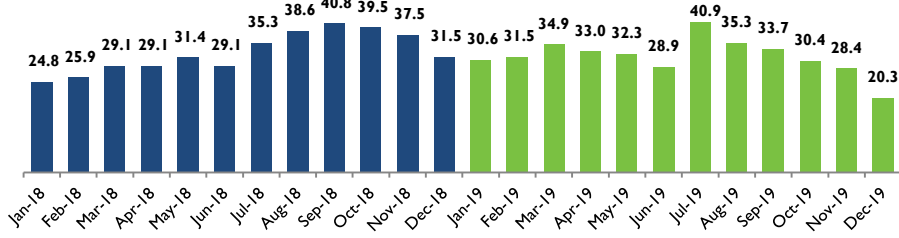
Notes

1. ICI-3 is index related to Indonesian 5,000 GAR / 4,600 NAR
2. ICI-4 is index related to Indonesian 4,200 GAR / 3,800 NAR
3. Latest data is as of 14 February 2020
4. Regulation stating price cap on coal for domestic consumption went effective as of 9 March 2018.
5. Source: Wood Mackenzie

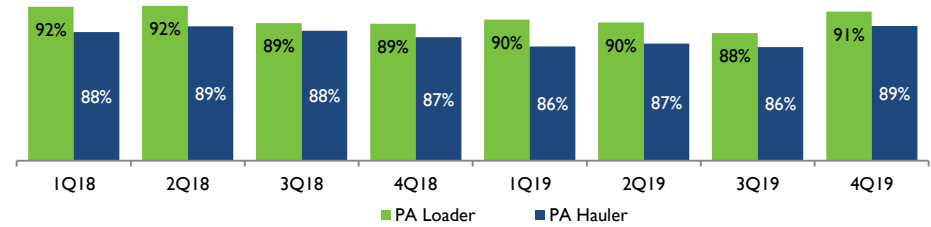




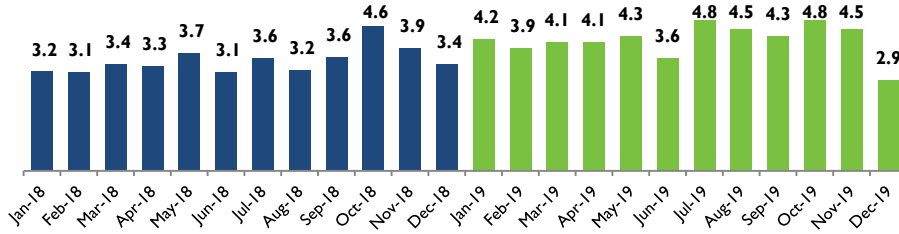
Overburden Removal (MBCM)



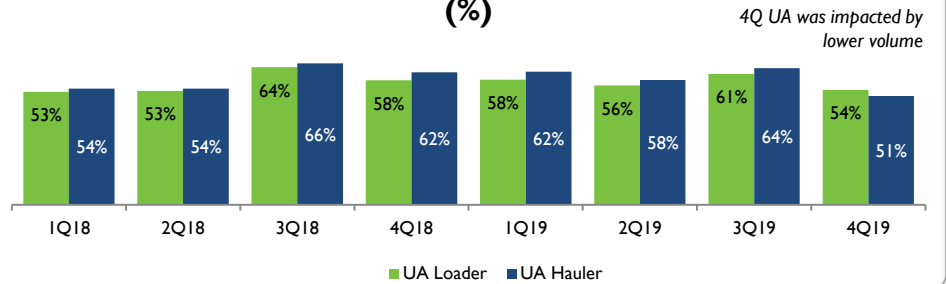
Physical Availability (PA) (%)



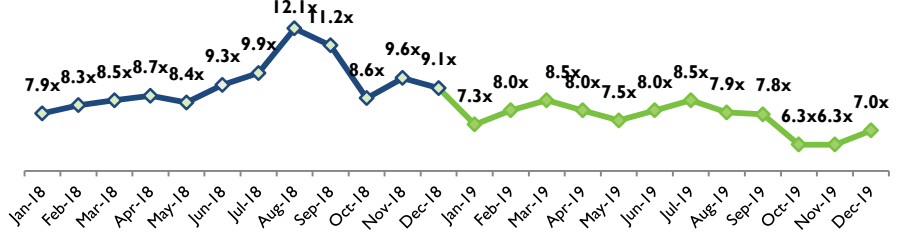
Coal (MT)



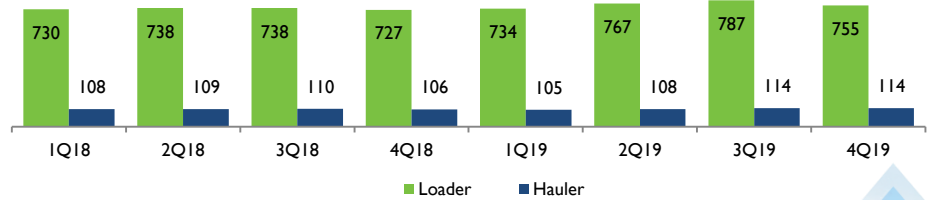
Utilization of Availability (UA) (%)



Implied Strip Ratio (x)



Productivity (bcm/hour)

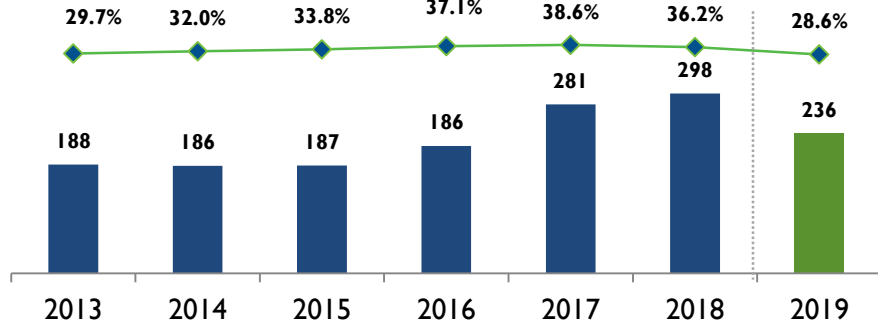




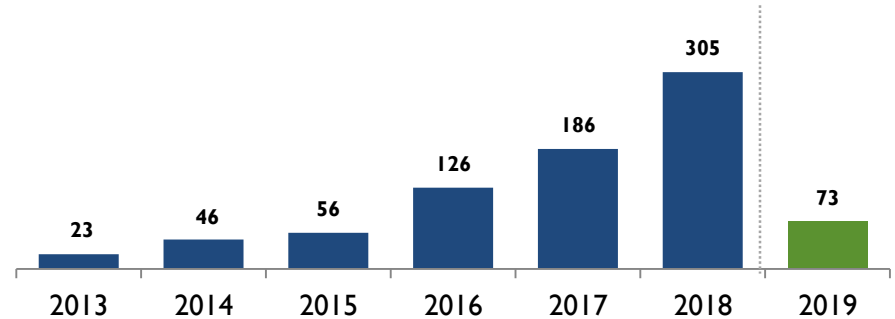
Cash generation

Liquidity management – EBITDA improvement and strict capex monitoring

EBITDA (US\$M) and EBITDA margin (%)

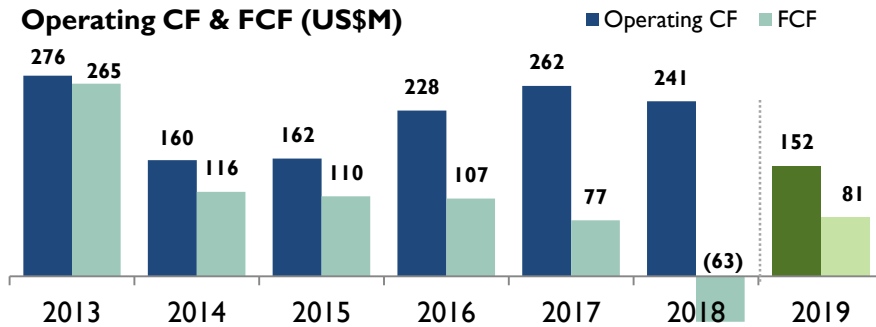


Capex (US\$M)

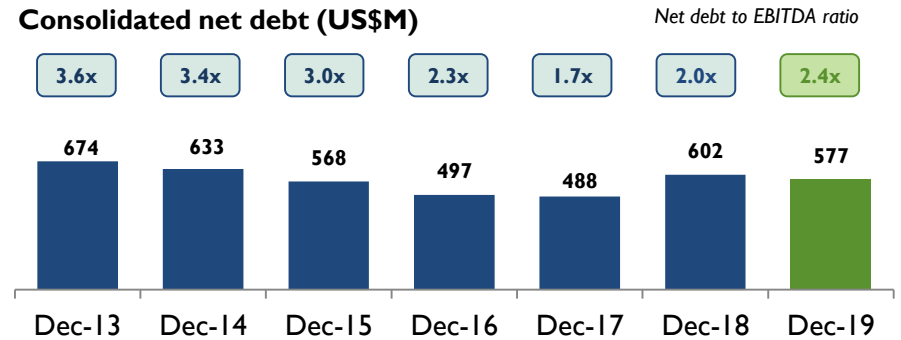


Generating cash flows and deleverage

Operating CF & FCF (US\$M)



Consolidated net debt (US\$M)



EBITDA generation

Liquidity management

Positive FCF generation

Lower capital expenditure leads to positive cashflow





Current Debt Structure

US\$350 million Senior Notes

- Coupon of 7.75% p.a.
- Tenor of 5NC3 – ending 2022
- Settlement at maturity (no amortization)
- Secured by DSRA

US\$100 million MUFG Bilateral Loan Facility

- Originally (i) US\$50m term loan, (ii) US\$50m committed RCF, and (iii) US\$50m uncommitted RCF
- Interest of LIBOR+3% p.a.
- Tenor of 4 years from February 2017
- Straight-line amortization
- On February 2019, a US\$50m uncommitted RCF tranche has been fully repaid and terminated
- Outstanding at December 2019 appx. US\$31m

US\$100 million Syndicated Loan Facility

- US\$66.7m term loan + US\$33.3m RCF
- Tenor of ~3years
- Interest of LIBOR+2% p.a.
- Straight-line amortization on term loan
- Bullet repayment for RCF
- MUFG as Mandated Lead Arranger and Bookrunner
- Outstanding at December 2019 appx. US\$84m

Various Finance Leases

- Average cost of LIBOR + 4%
- Tenor 4 – 5 years, some extendable to 7 years
- Straight-line installments
- Outstanding at December 2019 appx. US\$243m

Cash flow and operational flexibility to support future growth

Lower cost of funding to accommodate ongoing growth

Currently healthy debt ratio at net debt to EBITDA 2.4x

Ample headroom in balance sheet to grow

Wide access to capital funding needed for the growth



Company overview

Key investment highlights

 **Financial overview**

Appendix





Financial highlights

Measures	4Q18	3Q19	4Q19	4Q		FY18	FY19	FY	
				QoQ	YoY			YoY	
Overburden Removal (MBCM)	108.5	110.0	79.0	↓ 28%	↓ 27%	392.5	380.1	↓	3%
Revenues (US\$ M)	254	255	191	↓ 25%	↓ 25%	892	882	↓	1%
EBITDA (US\$ M)	79	86	39	↓ 54%	↓ 51%	298	236	↓	21%
EBITDA Margin (%)	34.6%	35.0%	21.7%	<i>n.a</i>	<i>n.a</i>	36.2%	28.6%		<i>n.a</i>
Net Profit (US\$ M)	26	24	(8)	↓ 132%	↓ 129%	76	20	↓	73%



The Company's performance and profitability declined in FY 2019 vs FY 2018 due to lower tier rates and lower volume on the back of the coal market that remained weak and uncertain





Key consolidated results – 9M 2019

HIGHLIGHTS OF CONSOLIDATED RESULTS			
<i>(in US\$ mn unless otherwise stated)</i>			
Volume	FY 19	FY 18	YoY
OB Removal (mbcm)	380.1	392.5	-3%
Coal (mt)	50.0	42.3	18%
Profitability	FY 19	FY 18	YoY
Revenues	882	892	-1%
EBITDA	236	298	-21%
EBITDA Margin	28.6%	36.2%	-7.6%
Operating Profit	88	164	-46%
Operating Margin	10.7%	19.9%	-9.2%
Net Profit	20	76	-73%
EPS (in Rp)	34	126	-73%
Cash Flows	FY 19	FY 18	YoY
Capital Expenditure ⁴⁾	73	305	-74%
Operating Cash Flow	152	241	-37%
Free Cash Flow ³⁾	81	(63)	203%
Balance Sheet	Dec-19	Dec-18	Δ
Cash Position ¹⁾	133	103	30
Net Debt ²⁾	577	602	(27)

HIGHLIGHTS OF QUARTERLY RESULTS								
<i>(in US\$ mn unless otherwise stated)</i>								
Volume	1Q 18	2Q 18	3Q 18	4Q 18	1Q 19	2Q 19	3Q 19	4Q 19
OB Removal (mbcm)	79.8	89.6	114.6	108.5	97.0	94.1	110.0	79.0
Coal (mt)	9.7	10.2	10.4	12.0	12.2	12.0	13.6	12.2
Financials	1Q 18	2Q 18	3Q 18	4Q 18	1Q 19	2Q 19	3Q 19	4Q 19
Revenues	182	202	254	254	214	221	255	191
EBITDA	57	64	98	79	54	57	86	39
EBITDA Margin	34.0%	33.7%	41.3%	34.6%	27.3%	28.4%	35.0%	21.7%
Operating Profit	26	31	63	44	17	20	49	3
Operating Margin	15.6%	16.2%	26.8%	19.0%	8.5%	10.0%	20.0%	1.5%
Net Profit (Loss)	10	8	32	26	1	3	24	(8)
Cash	1Q 18	2Q 18	3Q 18	4Q 18	1Q 19	2Q 19	3Q 19	4Q 19
Operating cash flows	51	28	49	113	26	47	22	57
Free cash flows	(22)	(54)	(25)	38	7	24	6	44

Notes:

- 1) Cash position includes other financial assets.
- 2) Debt includes only the outstanding contractual liabilities.
- 3) Net profit (loss) without foreign exchange gain or loss, and impairment loss
- 4) Capital expenditures as recognized per accounting standards

Focus remains on operating performance with better productivity and efficiency that will lead to profitability, and cash flow generation with expectation of a stabilize coal price outlook in 2020 vs steep fluctuations in 2019





Quarterly progression

QUARTERLY PROGRESSION												
<i>(in US\$ mn unless otherwise stated)</i>												
Volume	Units	2Q 17	3Q 17	4Q 17	1Q 18	2Q 18	3Q 18	4Q 18	1Q 19	2Q 19	3Q 19	4Q 19
OB Removal (mbcm)	mbcm	83.1	91.3	82.6	79.8	89.6	114.6	108.5	97.0	94.1	110.0	79.0
Coal (mt)	mt	9.9	10.5	9.6	9.7	10.2	10.4	12.0	12.2	12.0	13.6	12.2
Financials	Units	2Q 17	3Q 17	4Q 17	1Q 18	2Q 18	3Q 18	4Q 18	1Q 19	2Q 19	3Q 19	4Q 19
Revenues	US\$m	180	198	206	182	202	254	254	214	221	255	191
EBITDA	US\$m	61	76	74	57	64	98	79	54	57	86	39
EBITDA Margin	%	35.7%	40.2%	38.2%	34.0%	33.7%	41.3%	34.6%	27.3%	28.4%	35.0%	21.7%
Net Profit (Loss)	US\$m	(15)	23	15	10	8	32	26	1	3	24	(8)
Recurring Profit (Loss)	US\$m	18	25	23	11	12	37	27	1	4	28	(33)
Units Financials	Units	2Q 17	3Q 17	4Q 17	1Q 18	2Q 18	3Q 18	4Q 18	1Q 19	2Q 19	3Q 19	4Q 19
Cash costs ex fuel per bcm	US\$	1.08	0.98	1.14	1.15	1.15	1.03	1.12	1.20	1.25	1.19	1.36
Cash costs ex fuel per bcm/km	US\$	0.40	0.40	0.45	0.43	0.44	0.37	0.40	0.42	0.44	0.42	0.47
Operational Metrics	Units	2Q 17	3Q 17	4Q 17	1Q 18	2Q 18	3Q 18	4Q 18	1Q 19	2Q 19	3Q 19	4Q 19
PA – Loader ¹⁾	%	91.1	91.3	91.1	91.7	91.8	89.4	89.3	89.9	89.5	88.3	90.7
PA – Hauler ¹⁾	%	90.2	89.6	88.5	88.1	88.9	88.3	87.4	86.1	86.5	86.3	89.3
UA – Loader ²⁾	%	56.7	54.3	51.8	52.8	53.2	64.3	58.1	58.4	55.7	61.1	53.6
UA – Hauler ²⁾	%	56.9	56.4	54.7	54.3	54.3	66.1	61.9	62.2	58.3	63.9	50.9
Productivity – Loader	bcm/hour	803	780	744	730	738	738	727	734	767	787	755
Productivity – Hauler	bcm/hour	119	118	114	108	109	110	106	105	108	114	114
Average rain hours ³⁾	hour	69	53	73	82	60	42	65	81	70	27	68

- ▶ Asset utilization was not optimal therefore hampering cash cost in 4Q19
- ▶ Higher operating leverage causing margin pressure when volume is lower than expected
- ▶ Lower volume mainly due to customers curbing volume growth and impact of frequent and high rain hours on certain months of the year

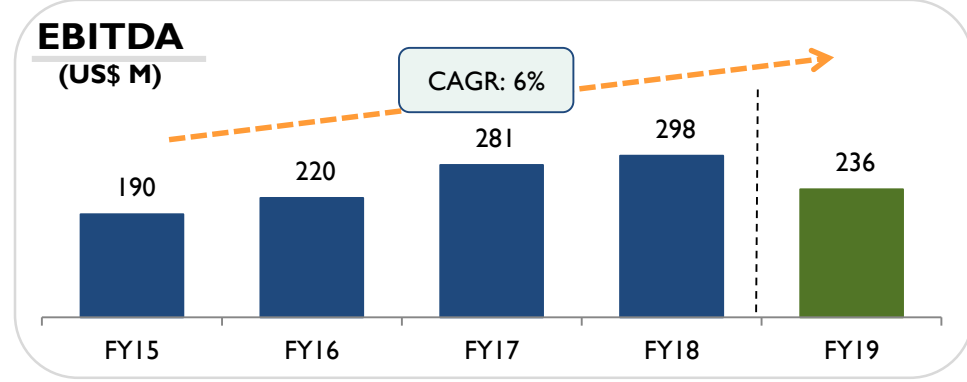
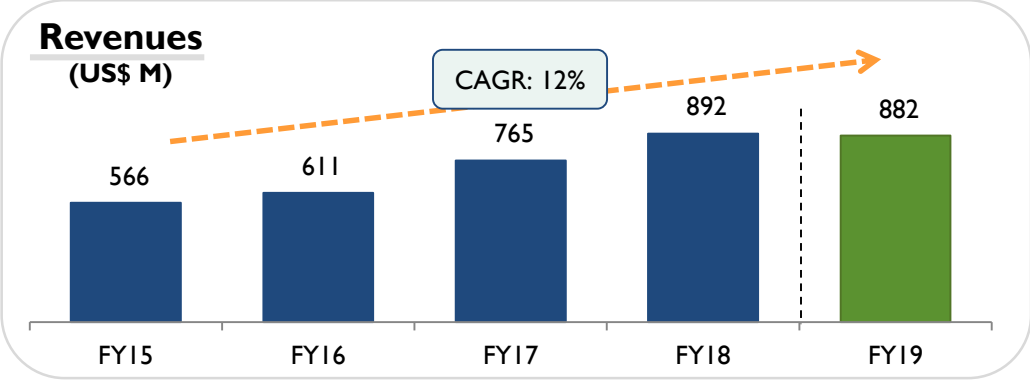
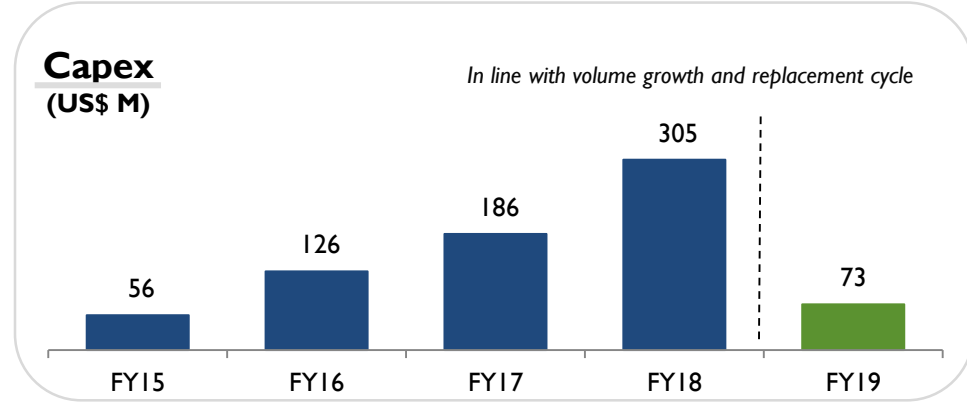
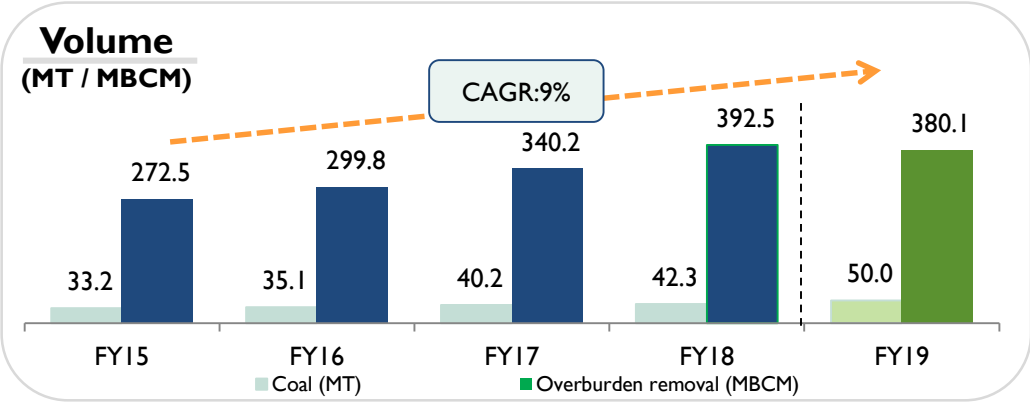
Notes:

- 1) Availability refers to % of available time equipment was operating based on production schedule
- 2) Utilization refers to % of physical available time equipment was operating
- 3) Average rain hours per site per month





2019 Financial recap



- ▶ OB Volume has been growing at 9% CAGR in the past 5 years and should continue to grow as the company have higher capacity and improve asset utilization
- ▶ Capex has significantly declined to \$73mn in 2019, as major replacement cycle ended in 2018. Capex is expected to normalize to ±\$100mn in the next few years
- ▶ In the past , Revenue and EBITDA grew at a 12% and 6% CAGR, respectively; supported by sustainable coal price and higher production volumes





	FY19 Target	FY19 Actual
Volume <i>Overburden removal</i> (MBCM)	380 - 420	380.1
Capex (US\$ M)	<100	73
Revenues (US\$ M)	810 - 910	882
EBITDA (US\$ M)	240 - 280	236

	FY20 Target
Volume <i>Overburden removal</i> (MBCM)	350 - 390
Capex (US\$ M)	<100
Revenues (US\$ M)	800 - 900
EBITDA (US\$ M)	230 - 260



Given the fluctuative and uncertainty of the coal price in 2019, the Company met its FY 2019 target with slight miss of 1.6% on EBITDA



Coal price is expected to stabilize as Government and major coal producers are tightening the Indonesian coal supply. The Company expects a slight decline in target



Company overview

Key investment highlights

Financial overview



Appendix





Consolidated performance – FY 2019

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	Dec-19	Dec-18	YTD
Cash and cash equivalents	87	67	31%
Other financial assets - current	46	36	26%
Trade receivables - current	223	222	1%
Other current assets	115	117	-1%
Fixed assets - net	590	658	-10%
Other non-current assets	121	84	42%
TOTAL ASSETS	1,182	1,184	0%
Trade payables	85	129	-34%
LT liabilities - current	122	97	26%
Other current liabilities	50	53	-5%
LT liabilities - non current	581	598	-3%
Other non-current liabilities	63	45	40%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	901	922	-2%
TOTAL EQUITY	281	262	7%

Financial Ratios ¹⁾

	12M19	12M18
Gross margin	17.3%	26.2%
Operating margin	10.7%	19.9%
EBITDA margin	28.6%	36.2%
Pretax margin	4.2%	13.1%
Net margin	2.5%	9.2%

Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and OCI

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	12M19	12M18	YoY
Net revenues	882	892	-1%
<i>Revenue excl. fuel</i>	824	822	0%
Cost of revenues	739	677	9%
Gross profit	143	215	-34%
Operating expenses	(54)	(52)	5%
Finance cost	(58)	(55)	6%
Others - net	5	(2)	-533%
Pretax profit	35	106	-68%
Tax expense	(15)	(32)	-55%
Profit for the period	20	74	-73%
Other comprehensive income - net	(2)	5	-141%
Comprehensive income	18	79	-77%
EBITDA	236	298	-21%
Basic EPS (in Rp) ³⁾	34	126	-73%

Notes:

- 1) Margins are based on net revenues excluding fuel
- 2) Reported Basic EPS translated into Rp using average exchange rate of Rp14,146 and Rp14,246 for FY19 and FY18, respectively.





BUMA performance – FY 2019

Statements of Financial Position

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	Dec-19	Dec-18	YTD
Cash	69	54	29%
Restricted cash in bank - current	29	11	156%
Trade receivables - current	223	222	1%
Due from related party - current	94	95	-2%
Other current assets	115	117	-2%
Fixed assets - net	589	657	-10%
Other non-current assets	121	83	43%
TOTAL ASSETS	1,240	1,239	0%
Trade payables	85	129	-34%
LT liabilities - current	122	97	26%
Other current liabilities	53	54	-3%
LT liabilities - non-current	581	598	-3%
Other non-current liabilities	63	45	40%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	904	923	-2%
TOTAL EQUITY	336	316	6%

Financial Ratios ¹⁾

	12M19	12M18
Gross margin	17.3%	26.2%
Operating margin	11.1%	20.3%
EBITDA margin	28.9%	36.6%
Pretax margin	4.4%	13.5%
Net margin	2.7%	9.5%

Statements of Profit or Loss and OCI

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	12M19	12M18	YoY
Net revenues	882	892	-1%
<i>Revenue excl. fuel</i>	824	822	0%
Cost of revenues	739	676	9%
Gross profit	143	216	-34%
Operating expenses	(52)	(49)	6%
Finance cost	(58)	(55)	6%
Others - net	4	(1)	-453%
Pretax profit	36	111	-67%
Tax expense	(14)	(33)	-56%
Profit for the period	22	78	-72%
Other comprehensive income - net	(2)	5	n.a.
Comprehensive income	20	83	-76%
EBITDA	238	300	-21%

Notes:

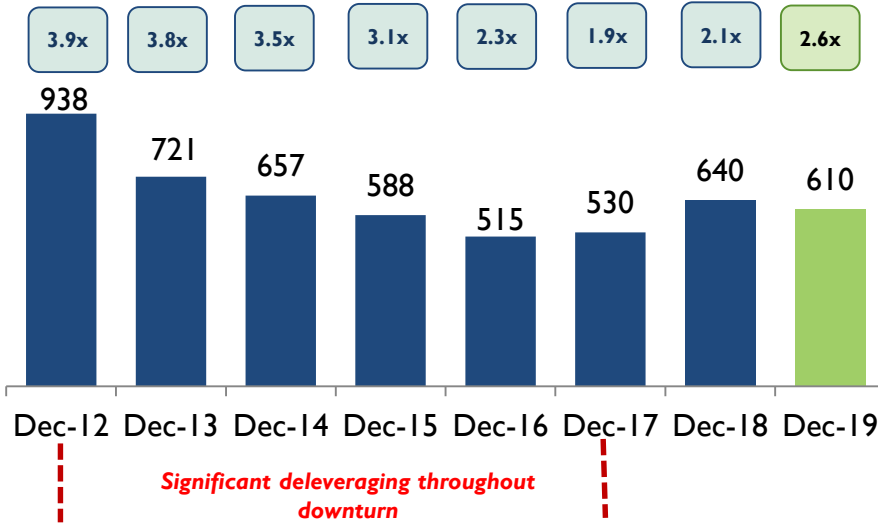
1) Margins are based on net revenues excluding fuel.





BUMA net debt (US\$M)

Net debt to EBITDA ratio



Management actions:

- Early engagement with lenders for funding flexibility
- Discussion to secure bond consent for more flexible secured debt covenant was commenced in Q4 2018
- Discussion to secure additional facility also commenced in late Q3 to early Q4 2018

Bond Consent 2018

- Increase capacity for secured debt by 12.5% of Total Adjusted Assets, subject to applicable incurrence test
- ✓ To increase Company's funding flexibility to finance its capital expenditure and working capital

New Facility 2019 (MUFG)

- Raised a total of US\$150 million facility intended to be a standby facility
- ✓ US\$66.67million term loan + US\$33.33 million revolving
- ✓ LIIBOR + 200 bps → lowest cost of funding for BUMA
- First round of drawdown was used to repay existing revolving facility which costs higher
- ✓ US\$50 million uncommitted revolving facility was fully repaid and terminated

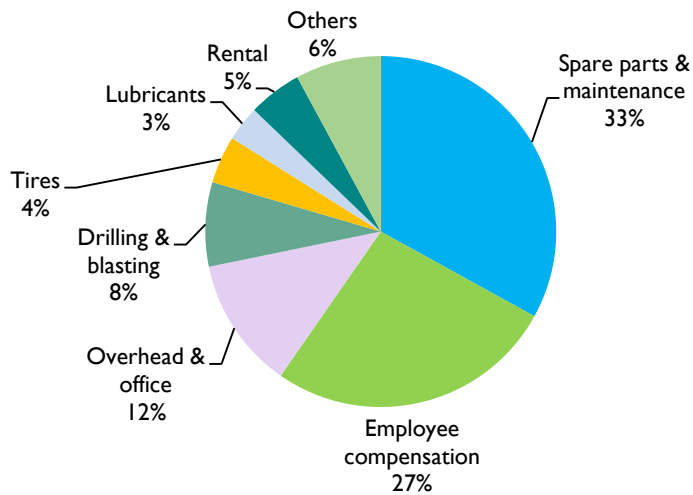
Prudent debt management

- Proactive debt management led to multiple timely restructuring / re-profiling of its debt throughout BUMA's history
- Restructuring / re-profiling were done to achieve more favorable terms in accordance to Company's needs at each respective time (i.e. tenor, amortization, covenants, pricing etc.)
- No history of discounting outstanding debt throughout all negotiations with creditors
- During coal industry downturn, conducted significant voluntary deleveraging to achieve healthier debt level through prudent liquidity management





BUMA's cash cost ex fuel (FY19)



Key cost reduction initiatives

Spareparts & maintenance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ In-house maintenance instead of outsourced to suppliers▶ Extended component life through condition-based monitoring
Employee compensation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Right size employee headcounts▶ Equipment optimization that leads to reduced employee costs
Drilling & blasting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Optimize drilling & blasting process to reduce explosives usage and deliver quality blasting
Tires	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Deliver efficient and consistent tire monitoring process



Thank You





Notes





Notes

